fish- and wildlife-related resources for which the agency has authority under State law.

## §80.137 What if real property is no longer useful or needed for its original purpose?

If the director of the State fish and wildlife agency and the Regional Director jointly decide that grant-funded real property is no longer useful or needed for its original purpose under the grant, the director of the agency must:

- (a) Propose another eligible purpose for the real property under the grant program and ask the Regional Director to approve this proposed purpose, or
- (b) Request disposition instructions for the real property under the process described at 43 CFR 12.71, "Administrative and Audit Requirements and Cost Principles for Assistance Programs."

### Subpart K—Revisions and Appeals

## §80.150 How does an agency ask for revision of a grant?

- (a) A State fish and wildlife agency must ask for revision of a project or grant by sending the Service the following documents:
- (1) The standard form approved by the Office of Management and Budget as an application for Federal assistance. The agency may use this form to update or request a change in the information that it submitted in an approved application. The director of the agency or his or her designee must sign this form.
- (2) A statement attached to the application for Federal assistance that explains:
- (i) How the requested revision would affect the information that the agency submitted with the original grant application; and
- (ii) Why the requested revision is necessary.
- (b) An agency must send any requested revision of the purpose or objectives of a project or grant to the State Clearinghouse or Single Point of Contact if the State maintains this process under Executive Order 12372, Intergovernmental Review of Federal Programs.

## §80.151 May an agency appeal a decision?

An agency may appeal the Director's or Regional Director's decision on any matter subject to this part.

- (a) The State fish and wildlife agency must send the appeal to the Director within 30 days of the date that the Director or Regional Director mails or otherwise informs an agency of a decision.
- (b) The agency may appeal the Director's decision under paragraph (a) of this section to the Secretary within 30 days of the date that the Director mailed the decision. An appeal to the Secretary must follow procedures in 43 CFR part 4, subpart G, "Special Rules Applicable to other Appeals and Hearings."

## Subpart L—Information Collection

## §80.160 What are the information collection requirements of this part?

- (a) This part requires each State fish and wildlife agency to provide the following information to the Service. The State agency must:
- (1) Certify the number of people who have paid licenses to hunt and the number of people who have paid licenses to fish in a State during the State-specified certification period (OMB control number 1018–0007).
- (2) Provide information for a grant application on a Governmentwide standard form (OMB control number 4040–0002).
- (3) Certify on a Governmentwide standard form that it:
- (i) Has the authority to apply for the grant;
- (ii) Has the capability to complete the project; and
- (iii) Will comply with the laws, regulations, and policies applicable to nonconstruction projects, construction projects, or both (OMB control numbers 4040–0007 and 4040–0009).
- (4) Provide a project statement that describes the need, purpose and objectives, results or benefits expected, approach, geographic location, explanation of costs, and other information that demonstrates that the project is eligible under the Acts and meets the requirements of the Federal Cost Principles and the laws, regulations, and

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policies applicable to the grant program (OMB control number 1018–0109).

- (5) Change or update information provided to the Service in a previously approved application (OMB control number 1018–0109).
- (6) Report on a Governmentwide standard form on the status of Federal grant funds and any program income earned (OMB control number 0348–0061).
- (7) Report as a grantee on progress in completing the grant-funded project (OMB control number 1018-0109).
- (b) The authorizations for information collection under this part are in the Acts and in 43 CFR part 12, subpart C, "Uniform Administrative Requirements for Grants and Cooperative Agreements to State and Local Governments."
- (c) Send comments on the information collection requirements to: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Information Collection Clearance Officer, 4401 North Fairfax Drive, MS 2042–PDM, Arlington, VA 22203.

# PART 81—CONSERVATION OF ENDANGERED AND THREATENED SPECIES OF FISH, WILDLIFE, AND PLANTS—COOPERATION WITH THE STATES

#### Sec.

- 81.1 Definitions.
- 81.2 Cooperation with the States.
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- 81.10 Submission of documents.
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- 81.12 Contracts.
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- 81.14 Comprehensive plan alternative.
- 81.15 Audits.

AUTHORITY: Endangered Species Act of 1973, sec. 6(h), 87 Stat. 884, 16 U.S.C. 1531–43, Pub. L. 93–205.

Source: 40 FR 47509, Oct. 9, 1975, unless otherwise noted.

#### §81.1 Definitions.

As used in this part, terms shall have the meaning ascribed in this section.

- (a) Agreements. Signed documented statements of the actions to be taken by the State(s) and the Secretary in furthering the purposes of the Act. They include:
- (1) A Cooperative Agreement entered into pursuant to section 6(c) of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 and §81.2 of this part.
- (2) A Project Agreement which includes a statement as to the actions to be taken in connection with the conservation of endangered or threatened species, benefits derived, cost of actions, and costs to be borne by the Federal Government and by the States.
- (b) Conserve, conserving, and conservation. The use of all methods and procedures which are necessary to bring any endangered species or threatened species to the point at which the measures provided pursuant to the Endangered Species Act of 1973 are no longer necessary. Such methods and procedures include, but are not limited to, all activities associated with scientific resources management such as research, census, law enforcement, habitat acquisition and maintenance, propagation, live trapping, and transplantation, and, in the extraordinary case where population pressures within a given ecosystem cannot be otherwise relieved, may include regulated taking.
- (c) Endangered species. Any species which is in danger of extinction throughout all or a significant portion of its range (other than a species of the Class Insecta as determined by the Secretary to constitute a pest whose protection under the provisions of The Endangered Species Act of 1973 would present an overwhelming and overriding risk to man).
- (d) Fish or wildlife. Any member of the animal kingdom, including without limitation any mammal, fish, bird (including any migratory, nonmigratory, or endangered bird for which protection is also afforded by treaty or other international agreement), amphibian, reptile, mollusk, crustacean, arthropod or other invertebrate, and includes any part, product, egg, or offspring thereof, or the dead body or parts thereof.
- (e) *Plant*. Any member of the plant kingdom, including seeds, roots, and other parts thereof.